## **CLAIMS**

A Schottky diode comprising:

 a polycrystalline organic semiconductor layer;
 a rectifying contact on a first surface of the organic semiconductor layer;
 a doped buffer layer in contact with a second surface of the organic semiconductor layer, the doped buffer layer formed of an amorphous doped organic semiconductor; and
 an ohmic contact to the doped buffer layer.

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- 10 2. The Schottky diode of claim 1 wherein the organic semiconductor layer is a  $\pi$  conjugated polymer.
  - 3. The Schottky diode of claim 1 wherein the organic semiconductor layer is chosen from a group consisting of pentacene, metal-free phthalocyanine and metallophthalocyanine, fullerene doped with indium or antimony, polyaniline, polypyrrole, poly(p-phenylene), poly(p-phenylenevinylene), a substituted pentacene compound, a bis(2-acenyl)acetylene compound, an acene-thiophene compound, F<sub>16</sub>CuPc, F<sub>16</sub>ZnPc, F<sub>16</sub>FePc, F<sub>16</sub>CoPc and N,N'-dioctyl-3,4,9,10-perylene tetracarboxylic diimide.
- 4. The Schottky diode of claim 1 wherein the amorphous organic semiconductor has a thickness between 1500 and 10,000 angstroms.
  - 5. The Schottky diode of claim 4 wherein the amorphous organic semiconductor has a thickness between 2000 and 5000 angstroms.
  - 6. The Schottky diode of claim 1 wherein the amorphous organic semiconductor is MTDATA.
- 7. The Schottky diode of claim 6 wherein the MTDATA is doped with F<sub>4</sub>-TCNQ.

8.	The Schottky diode of claim 7 wherein the MTDATA is doped with 3-20% $F_4$ -
TCNO.	

- 9. The Schottky diode of claim 8 wherein the MTDATA is doped with 5-10% F<sub>4</sub>
   5 -TCNQ.
  - 10. A Schottky diode comprising:

a substrate;

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- an ohmic contact with a first surface in contact with a first surface of the substrate;
- a doped buffer layer with a first surface in contact with a second surface of the ohmic contact, the doped buffer layer formed of an amorphous doped organic semiconductor;
- a polycrystalline organic semiconductor layer with a first surface in contact with a second surface of the doped buffer layer; and
- a rectifying contact with a first surface in contact with a second surface of the organic semiconductor layer.
- 11. The Schottky diode of claim 10 wherein the organic semiconductor layer is a  $\pi$  conjugated polymer.
  - 12. The Schottky diode of claim 10 wherein the organic semiconductor layer is chosen from a group consisting of pentacene, metal-free phthalocyanine and metallo phthalocyanine, fullerene doped with indium or antimony, polyaniline, polypyrrole, poly(p-phenylene), poly(p-phenylenevinylene), a substituted pentacene compound, a bis(2-acenyl)acetylene compound, an acene-thiophene compound,  $F_{16}$ CuPc,  $F_{16}$ ZnPc,  $F_{16}$ FePc,  $F_{16}$ CoPc and N,N'-dioctyl-3,4,9,10-perylene tetracarboxylic diimide.
- 13. The Schottky diode of claim 10 wherein the amorphous organic semiconductor has a thickness between 1500 and 10,000 angstroms.

has a thickness between 2000 and 5000 angstroms. 15. The Schottky diode of claim 10 wherein the amorphous semiconductor is 5 MTDATA. 16. The Scottky diode of claim 15 wherein the MTDATA is doped with F<sub>4</sub>-TCNQ. 10 17. The Schottky diode of claim 16 wherein the MTDATA is doped with 3-20% F<sub>4</sub> -TCNQ. 18. The Schottky diode of claim 17 wherein the MTDATA is doped with 5-10% F<sub>4</sub> -TCNQ. 15 19. A Schottky diode comprising: a substrate: a rectifying contact with a first surface in contact with a first surface of the substrate; 20 a polycrystalline organic semiconductor layer with a first surface in contact with a second surface of the rectifying contact; a doped buffer layer with a first surface in contact with a second surface of the polycrystalline organic semiconductor layer, the doped buffer layer formed of an amorphous doped organic semiconductor; and 25 an ohmic contact with a first surface in contact with a second surface of the doped buffer layer.

The Schottky diode of claim 13 wherein the amorphous organic semiconductor

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- conjugated polymer.

The Schottky diode of claim 19 wherein the organic semiconductor layer is a  $\pi$ 

- 21. The Schottky diode of claim 19 wherein the organic semiconductor layer is chosen from a group consisting of pentacene, metal-free phthalocyanine and metallo phthalocyanine, fullerene doped with indium or antimony, polyaniline, polypyrrole, poly(p-phenylene), poly(p-phenylenevinylene), a substituted pentacene compound, a bis(2-acenyl)acetylene compound, an acene-thiophene compound, F<sub>16</sub>CuPc, F<sub>16</sub>ZnPc, F<sub>16</sub>FePc, F<sub>16</sub>CoPc and N,N'-dioctyl-3,4,9,10-perylene tetracarboxylic diimide.
- 22. The Schottky diode of claim 19 wherein the amorphous organic semiconductor has a thickness between 1500 and 10,000 angstroms.
- 23. The Schottky diode of claim 22 wherein the amorphous organic semiconductor has a thickness between 2000 and 5000 angstroms.
- The Schottky diode of claim 19 wherein the amorphous organic semiconductoris MTDATA.
  - 25. The Schottky diode of claim 24 wherein the MTDATA is doped with  $F_4$ -TCNQ.
- 20 26. The Schottky diode of claim 25 wherein the MTDATA is doped with 3-20%  $F_4$  -TCNQ.
  - 27. The Schottky diode of claim 26 wherein the MTDATA is doped with 5-10%  $F_4$  -TCNQ.

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